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### Model for other systems nationwide

# CRISP marks decade of 'easy' registration

By Edward C. Loyer Special to the Record

CRISP — Computerized Registration Involving Students' Participation — familiar to thousands of U-M students, was not even a word in the University lexicon a decade ago

A few minutes before 8 a.m. on Apr. 7, 1975, a student walked through double doors to 214 Lorch hall, sat down at a computer terminal and registered for the coming fall term. The process took less than two minutes and it marked the

end of "arena" registration at The University of Michigan. Prior to the advent of CRISP, that same student would have vanished into the corndors and chambers of Waterman Gymnasium, emerging in (hopefully) two hours, penciled tentative schedule in hand, confused, and knowing the building as well as the architect who designed it.

CRISP was one of the first on-line computerized registration systems designed for large universities, and it served as a model for similar systems that are presently used by many large institutions

The development of a computenzed registration system involved the entire U-M community. The initial concept was born in a class taught by Prof. Ber nard Galler in the Computer Science Department. Galler assigned the task of developing a working model that would classify and register students into courses, and provide printed class schedules in an on-line interactive en vironment.

The class project was a success and Galler proposed to the University administration that a similar system be developed for University-wide use. The executive officers approved the project in August 1973 and appointed Charles Morns, then LSA associate dean for student affairs, to chair an implementation group. The group was to oversee development and installation of a system that would register students through the computer while they waited, provide them with a printed final schedule of classes as they left, and at the same time maintain course enrollment statistics for departments and the administration.

The herculean task of implementing CRISP in time for early registration in the spring of 1975 fell primarily to the Office of the Registrat, the Scheduling Office and the Data Systems Center. In less than two years, data bases were developed, logic defined, programs written, the system tested, staff educated and trained. And just a decade ago, the first "real" schedule clacked out of a printer less than two minutes after the first student walked through the doors to register. The U.M. had stepped into the computer age with the first on line system touching all parts of the University.

Ten years have passed. The ground where Waterman Gymonce stood is a bucolic pasture waiting to accommodate a new chemistry building. The agony of participating in an "arena" registration is forgotten. CRISP is just another word in the University's lexicon and has been used to process more than three million course elections for more than 850,000 registrations. The operation has been updated and enhanced each year, and recently moved to a more central location on campus. 17 Angell Hall

Happy Birthday CRISP



### LSA faculty meets today

The April meeting of the LSA Faculty will be held this afternoon at 4.10 p.m. in Aud. 4. Modern Languages Bldg.

Items on the agenda include proposed modifications of the faculty code, as recommended by the nominating committee, a report of the Joint Faculty Student Policy Committee on Academic Integnty and a discussion of the Joint Faculty Student Policy Committee. Prof William Rosenberg will offer the report of the Executive Committee, Prof. Carl Simon will report on Senate Assembly and results of the College election will be announced.

### Kresge to limit access

Access to the Kresge Business Administration Library will be limited from Apr 14 -May 1 during the following hours 5 p.m. -11 p.m. Mon. Thurs. -11 a.m. -5 p.m. -Sat. -11 a.m. -11 p.m. Sun. To enter the library, every patron must have a valid U. M. ID. faculty or staff appointment card or a research pass. A research pass is available at the Business Library. Reference Desk 9 a.m. -5 p.m. Mon. -Fri.

### Financial aid deadline

Students who wish to be considered for financial aid for 1985-86 must submit applications to 2011 SAB and mail the Family Financial Statement to ACT by Mon (Apr. 15). For information, call 763-6600 or stop by the office.





### Springtime in Ann Arbor

U-M may not boast any 'kite-eating' trees, but the branches of at least one captured a misguided umbrella during last week's spring storms

### Charge that 'bigotry is in fashion' wrongs U-M

## Frye rebuts 'biased' Free Press article

By Joseph H. Owsley
Director, News and Information Services

University efforts to improve black student enrollment and retention have been dealt a severe blow by what Vice President B. E. Frye describes as an "in excusably biased" article that appeared in the March 31 Detroit Free Press. The article, he said, attempted to depict the U.M. as permeated by racial bias against

Headlined "Being Black at U.M. Students find role isolated, campus racist," the article appeared with no warning to U-M officials of its highly critical nature, Frye said, nor time for them to comment.

The newspaper story skipped over

students, University officers noted. In stead, it focused on complaints about campus atmosphere and even gave these a more one-sided emphasis than did some of the students themselves.

"The negative tenor of the article as a whole is our major objection." Frye said. "The article was written as if it wanted to not merely raise the question of why the University is perceived to be inhospitable by some blacks, but to make the point that it is — without examining that there is a contrary view point anywhere."

Claiming "bigotry is in fashion" on the U-M campus, the Free Press story cited "racist taunts" toward blacks, graffiti. "stereotyped attitudes toward peared in other newspapers. In the Flint dournal, the headline read. "U.M at Ann Arbor blasted for racism, paper reports."

"The strong, negative bias of the article was very disturbing to us." Fryenoted. "particularly at a time when we are trying every avenue of communication to get the word out to qualified black students that they are welcome at The University of Michigan, that we want them to apply and will help them stay in college, once admitted

"We believe our demonstrated commitment to minority enrollment is not being matched anywhere in the state." Frye added

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The newspaper story skipped over the University's minority recruitment forts, its academic support programs is counseling and outreach efforts, its ollaborative projects with the Detroit bublic Schools and its efforts to improve the quality of campus life for minority.

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Claiming "bigotry is in fashion" on the U-M campus, the Free Press story cited "racist taunts" toward blacks, graffit, "stereotyped attitudes toward black culture," and an incident in Mark ley residence hall in which watermelon was smeared on a black artist's mural

The article, picked up and condensed to its negative components by United Press International wire service, ap

peared in other newspapers. In the Flint Journal, the headline read. "U M at Ann Arbor blasted for racism, paper reports."

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These efforts. Frye noted, include the creation of the associate vice president for academic affairs position held by Niara Sudarkasa, one of whose major responsibilities is advising the University on improving minority student recruit ment and retention, a program which

(See Frye, page 4)

### Frye, from page 1

has received substantial amounts of new money from the University

The U-M currently is administering and allocating \$6 million annually—\$2.7 million from its General Fund and \$3.3 million from state and federal sources—for minority student aid programs. This is 20 percent of the University's total student aid budget of \$30 million.

The Free Press article also failed to put into perspective the modest but significant turnaround of black enrollment decline at the U-M, officials noted. This was achieved despite the continuing decline of black enrollment nationally at other comparable universities, particularly those of the Big 10. In its graduate and professional schools, the U-M has the best minority enrollment by far in the Big 10.

"There was no mention of the success of our black students after graduation or the extraordinarily effective programs at the Law and Medical schools," Frye noted. "The U-M graduation rate for blacks in undergraduate programs also is climbing, with 55 percent getting diplomas by the sixth year."

While heralding the minority and black enrollments at Wayne State and Michigan State universities, the Free Press omitted the U-M's 11.3 percent minority enrollment while emphasizing MSU's 8.73 percent minority total.

Frye said he also had strong objections to the article's implication that he and Sudarkasa had refused to talk to the Free Press reporter or to provide him with minority enrollment financial data. "This simply is not true," he declared. "This man, after being told no time was available on one day, gave up

on an interview, left written questions and then went ahead with the article be fore the reply could be mailed back to him. There was no input from us."

Sudarkasa said she believed the article's obsession with the University's reputed image among black students raised some real concerns of some students but overlooked more concrete obstacles to a higher education

"No doubt. The University of Michigan, as a selective, expensive public in stitution, seems to 'scare off some black students who perceive it as too costly, too inhospitable and too academically demanding," Sudarkasa said

"It is my Judgment, however, that the 'image' factor is far less a deterrent to increasing enrollment than economic factors. If the University could provide the financial wherewithal to enroll a criti-

cal mass of black students, there would be fewer complaints of alienation and dissatisfaction, and, given a supportive environment, these students would be gin to feel more at home here," she added.

"In our criticism of the newspaper article, we don't want to leave the impression that we are unconcerned about expressions of racism by students or anyone else in the University. It spurs us to increase our efforts to foster tolerance and understanding among the entire University community," Vice President Frye stated.

"But to equate the negative expressions of a few students to a total atmosphere of racism, leaving out the many positive aspects of the U-M experience is, to us, highly irresponsible for a major metropolitan newspaper."

### **GEO** outlines details of contract

Members of the Graduate Employee's Organization (GEO), representing approximately 1,700 teaching and staff assistants at U-M, have voted to hold a ballot ratification election on the tentative agreement reached with the U-M on Mar. 22. The voting period will end Apr. 19, with results announced on Apr. 22.

If ratified, the proposed agreement will give teaching and staff assistants a 5 percent salary increase for the 1985-86 academic year, according to Jane Holka, GEO chief negotiator. In addition, employees will receive a tuition waiver reducing their obligation to 50 percent of the tuition rate for in-state graduate students. This represents a reduction of tuition obligation of 5 to 10.

percent for GEO members, Holzka explained.

Employees will also receive an improved benefits package which maintains eligibility for dental coverage for teaching and staff assistants who take a two-semester leave of absence. Additional contract provisions, Holzka noted, include a revised Special Conference procedure which will enable teaching and staff assistants within individual departments to review policy changes which affect their working conditions.

Once ratified, the contract will run until March. 15, 1986. GEO members are working under an extension of their current contract.